CAE Validation of the Reinforcement of a Plastic Boat Propeller with Carbon Fiber Tape

Erteco is one of the largest distributors of plastic and rubber materials in the Nordic market. The materials they provide range from bulk products, such as polyolefins and PS, to more advanced composite materials. (Source: http://erteco.se/en)

Executive Summary
In this case, Erteco was tasked to identify the cause and remove the problem of cracking in a marine propeller inner hub component, which was made from glass-fiber reinforced plastics. The cracks tended to occur while the blades were rotating upon high-load scenarios, which affected the part quality and prevented it from functioning properly.

Challenges
- Part breaks at the connection area when larger engines are used (higher loads)
- High cost solution of applying metal collar to reinforce the area

Solutions
Erteco used Moldex3D to predict critical weld line locations and simulate possible issues when applying a new solution.
The first analysis of the process reveals that the flow patterns in the cavity results in severe weld lines. The weld lines occur at the same position where the blades transfer great load to the hub upon heavy acceleration. This area was the thinnest section, and the weld lines drastically decreased its strength.

Therefore, Erteco decided to apply Ems Tape Technology (ETT) to replace the original solution and utilized Moldex3D to validate this new technology. The sensors are placed in simulation to monitor the temperature and pressure behavior during injection molding. The first test shot showed that the tape was not bound perfectly with the polymer. Thus, Erteco simulated two different scenarios, one of which is with the original setup (Fig. 3) and the other one is with increased mold temperature and melt temperature (Fig. 4).

**Benefits**

- Optimized process conditions
- Perfect bonding between reinforcing tape (Ems Tape Technology, ETT) and polymer
- Eliminated crack at the severe weld line location at the thinnest section of the hub
- Huge cost saving by successfully implementing ETT to reinforce the hub

**Case Study**

The objective of this project was to develop a more cost saving solution to resolve the strength issue on the connection area between the propeller blades and propeller hub as it tends to break upon high load scenarios (Fig. 1). The original solution was costly as the producer, Propulse, had to manually put each part in a turning machine and fit a metal collar around it for reinforcement (Fig. 2).

![Exploded view of one of the propeller models from Propulse.](image1)  
*Fig. 1 Exploded view of one of the propeller models from Propulse. The circle indicates the part that is used in this case. (Propulse AB, 2015)*

![The steel collar originally used as reinforcement.](image2)  
*Fig. 2 The steel collar originally used as reinforcement.*
The major benefit of using Moldex3D in this case is to verify and optimize the part and mold design without expensive mold revisions. As a result, the scrap rate has been significantly reduced from 90% to 5%, effectively reducing material waste and manufacturing costs.

As a result, Moldex3D helped indicate that an increase in mold temperature and higher packing pressure would neutralize some of the part shrinkage. It can prevent the tape from delaminating from the matrix. This change would increase the time span for the melt front temperature to stay above melting temperature at that weak spot during the packing phase which allows the process to generate perfect bonding between the reinforcing tape and the polymer.

**Results**

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